

1. Define (i) Conduction (ii) Convection
(iii) Radiation

(i) Conduction.

In this heat transfer, transfer of the heat between two substances that are connected with each other.

Metal is good conductor of heat.

In this heat transfer the energy flow is hot to down substances.

Heat transfer $Q = -KA \cdot \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta x}$

Here, K = Thermal Conductivity
 A = Area \perp to heat transfer
 ΔT = Temperature
 Δx = Thickness

(ii) Convection:

In this heat transfer, transfer of the heat

between two substance which are connected through the medium like liquid, gas etc.

Heat transfer is one medium to another medium.

$$\text{Heat transfer } Q = hA\Delta T$$

Here, h = heat Transfer Coefficient
 ΔT = Temperature

(iii) Radiation

In this heat transfer of the heat is form of a Radiant wave in motion.

Radiant wave transfer heat ^{from} one medium to another medium.

In this heat transfer radiant wave is required.

Here two substance are not connected.

Explain in details about working principle of hydraulic turbines.

The Hydraulic turbine is like power producing machines.

Hydraulic Turbine is mostly used for electric power generation.

A Hydraulic Turbine is a device that converts the energy in a stream of fluid into mechanical energy.

Hydraulic turbine working on Newton's law.

"A Force is directly proportional to change in momentum."

If there is any change in momentum of fluid then a force is generated.

The hydraulic turbine blades are provided against the flow of water which changes the momentum of it.

As the momentum is changing a resulting pressure force generated which rotates the motor or turbine.